Guide for Authors

INTRODUCTION

Aims and scopes

Journal of Arrhythmia, the official journal of the Japanese Heart Rhythm Society and the Asia Pacific Heart Rhythm Society, aims to provide a scientific platform on which to promote excellence and advancement in the study and care of patients with cardiac rhythm disorders. The Journal publishes peer-reviewed original clinical and basic research articles, along with case reports on all aspects of cardiac pacing and cardiovascular electrophysiology devoted to the ongoing developments of diagnosis and treatment of arrhythmia. Also included are reviews, editorials, ECGs for students and associated professionals, EPS and related devices for resident physicians, and basic science information for clinicians. Much of the contributed material is requested, but unsolicited submissions are welcome and will be given full consideration.

Types of article

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Limited to less than 8,400 words, including Title page, Abstract, Text, References and Figure legends with up to 12 Tables of Figures. References are limited to less than 80.

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Limited to less than 5,000 words, including Title page, Abstract, Text, References, and Figure Legends with up to 8 Tables of Figures. References are limited to less than 50.

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Limited to less than 3,400 words, including Title page, Abstract, Text, References and Figure legends with up to 4 Tables of Figures. References are limited to less than 20.

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Limited to less than 300 words, including Title page and Text with up to 5 References.

ECG for students and associated professionals EPS and related devices for resident physicians

Basic science information for clinicians

Maximum length is limited to 1,000 words including References with up to 2 Tables or Figures. Abstract is not required. In general, all those papers are invited, but unsolicited submissions will be considered.

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Article structure

Subdivision-numbered sections

Divide your article into clearly defined and numbered sections. Subsections should be numbered 1.1 (then 1.1.1, 1.1.2, etc.), 1.2, 1.3. etc.

(the abstract is not included in section numbering). Use this numbering system also for internal cross-referencing: do not refer only to "the text". Any subsection may be given a brief heading and each heading should appear on its own separate line.

Introduction

State the objectives of the work and provide an adequate background, avoiding a detailed literature survey or a summary of the results.

Material and methods

Provide sufficient details to allow reproduction the work. Methods already published should be indicated by a reference, and only relevant modifications should be described.

Results

The results should be clear and concise.

Discussion

A discussion should explore the significance of the work's results, not repeat them. A combined results and discussion section is often appropriate. Avoid extensive citations and discussions of published literature.

Conclusions

The main conclusions of the study may be represented in a short, conclusions section, which may stand alone or form a discussion section or a results and discussion section.

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All potential conflicts of interest must be identified in this section. Potential conflicts of interest that should be disclosed include: all financial and personal relationships with other people or organizations that could inappropriately influence (bias) their work. Examples of potential conflicts of interest include employment, consultancies, stock ownership, honoraria, paid expert testimony, patent applications/registrations, and grants or other funding.

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- OMIM: Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man (OMIM ID: 601240)
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